## Recommended dosing regimens of Aminocaproic Acid Solution for Infusion, produced by Kraspharma OJSC, in patients with normal renal function

Indication	Dose regimen	Way of administration	Duration of treatment
Bleeding during and aftersurgery:- in urology (followingprostatectomy andnephrectomy)- in gynecology (e.g., cervicalcancer surgery)- abdominal surgery (e.g.,gastrointestinal surgery)- thoracic surgery (surgery forlungs, trachea and bronchi)- neurosurgeryBleeding in dentistry inpatients receivinganticoagulant therapy orsuffering from haemophiliaObstetric bleeding (e.g.,premature placenta abruption,complicated abortion)Life-threatening bleedings atoverdose of thrombolytics(including streptokinase)Bleeding in case ofthrombocytopenia,thrombocytopenia,Haematuria in case of urinarytract diseases (includinghematuria secondary)	Adults: 4-5 g (100 ml of solution) once within 1 hour, followed by 1 g hourly (max. daily dose is 30 g) Children at the age of 0-18: 100 mg/kg, or 3 g/sq. meter of the body surface within one hour, then 33.3 mg/kg, or 1 g/sq. meter of the body surface hourly (max. daily dose is 600 mg/kg, or 18 g/sq. meter of the body surface)	Slow IV infusion	Up to 24 hours

Abundant menstruation, menorrhagia, haemorrhagic metropathy Bleeding esophageal varices			
Prevention of perioperative blood loss in patients undergoing cardiosurgical interventions	Adults: 75-100 mg/kg (typically 5-10 g in an adult) once within 1 hour, then 10-15 mg/kg hourly (typically 1 g/h in an adult) during surgery <i>or</i> a loading dose of 10 g, then 2 g/h during surgery	Slow infusion	Perioperatively
Prevention of perioperative blood loss in patients undergoing spinal surgery	Adults: a loading dose of 10 g, and then 2 g/h during surgery (till the wound closure)	Slow infusion	Perioperatively
Prevention of perioperative blood loss in patients undergoing total knee arthroplasty	Adults: 150 mg/kg before surgery, then 12.5-15 mg/kg/hour during surgery within 3-5 hours	Slow infusion	Perioperatively